

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.]

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1806.

[No. 1722.]

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD;

AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion and the prices of which are established,
can at any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Just Received,

By the schooner Betsey, and
FOR SALE,

15,000 lbs. COFFEE,
50 barrels and tierces of SUGAR, and
6 tons of LOGWOOD.

E. JANNEY.

I wish to Rent,

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,
on the west side of Fairfax street, nearly
opposite to Rickett and Newton's. It
will accommodate a family, and a flour and
grocery store. There is a shed sufficient to
hold 4,000 bbls. flour.

September 2

Wanted to Purchase,

A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north
end of the town, to bind on the river or
nearby so.

Apply to the Printer.

September 25.

WANTED,

In a Wholesale Store,

A YOUTH about 15 years old, of respect-
able connections, and possessing an ac-
tive and pleasant disposition.

Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 1.

Wants a Situation in Business,

A YOUNG MAN, of respectable connec-
tions, who writes a good hand. For further par-
ticulars

Enquire of the Printer.

July 10.

FOR SALE,

A middle-aged Negro Woman.

Apply to the Printer.

July 16.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A NEGRO MAN, steady and honest, and
accustomed to horses.

Apply to the Printer.

July 30.

FOR SALE,

A STOUT able bodied NEGRO MAN,
about 26 or 27 years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

July 30.

FOR SALE,

A FINE, healthy, stout NEGRO MAN,
about twenty-eight years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

September 3.

FOR SALE,

A YOUNG, strong, and hearty NEGRO
WOMAN, with a Female Child at her
breast. She is honest and sober, an excellent
washer and ironer, a good cook, and extremely
handy about a house, and lively and indus-
trious about any kind of work, is a good spin-
ner, but has an immodest tongue; for which
doubt she is to be sold. She is not to be dis-
posed of at a distance unless she consents
thereto.

Enquire of the Printer.

August 12.

Fresh Teas,

Of a superior quality, in small lead canis-
ters, and by the pound—

Just received and for Sale, by

TUNIS CRAVEN.

800 wt. of BAR-LEAD,

JUST COME TO HAND,

And for sale by

A. LINDO.

August 19

20,000 weight Green Coffee,

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale, by

Mordecai Miller.

August 14.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The substantial and fast

sailing Ship

LEONIDAS,

Carries about five hundred hog-
heads, not two years old, now
ready to receive a cargo. For
terms apply to Captain R. McKenzie, at Gads-
by's Hotel, or to

James Patton.

October 2.

A MILLER WANTED.

One who can come well recommended will
find employment by applying to the subscriber
in Alexandria. E. JANNEY.

9th mo. 29th, 1806.

Now Landing,

From the Schooner MARIA ANTOINETTE, at Pow-
ell's wharf,

34 barrels PORK

40 do. Beef

27 hds. Jamaica, } RUM

20 do. St. Croix, }

10 do. New-England }

10 pipes Holland, } GIN

5 do. American }

1 do. Cogniac Brandy

20 boxes Mould Candles,

AND ON HAND,

9 pipes Cogniac Brandy

London Particular } WINES,

London Market } in pipes & qr. casks,

FOR SALE, by

Wadsworth & Butler,

Union, between King and Prince-street.

August 23.

FOR RENT,

The STORE, on Prince-street, between
Fairfax and Prince-street, lately in the occu-
pation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated
for a dry or wet goods store. The rent mo-
derate. Apply to

William Hodgson.

Sept. 25.

13 hds. SUGAR of good quality,

53 bbls. do. do.

5 pipes 4th proof Brandy

4 qr. casks Sherry Wine } of excellent

11 do. do. Malaga do. } quality.

Boxes of Cotton Cards

Sacks of Licorice Root and Sago

Barrels of Clover and Herds Grass Seed

And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather,

For Sale by

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

July 26.

Patent Elastic Suspenders,

To be had, wholesale and retail, of the patentee
near door below Mr. Alexander McKenzie's,
Lower end of Prince street, Alexandria.

THEY surpass any yet extant, for ease, e-
legance, &c. Masters of vessels and
other gentlemen going to the West Indies,
Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an
assortment, and a great allowance to those who
purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the
waistband ought to be placed the same distance
from each other, as the two center buttons on
the Suspenders, to prevent improper straining
and thereby destroying the ease designed in
construction of the article.

July 8. RICHARD HORWELL.

Runaway Negro.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, early
in July, a negro man named GRESHAM.
He is about 36 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches
or 6 feet high, of a tawny complexion, has a
scar on one of his jaws or side of his face form-
ing a half circle; I think it is on the right,
but am not positive. He is a slim made fel-
low, with a bushy head; and when spoken to
has a scary and down look. When he went a-
way he had a green round coat, buff colored
breeches, with homespun clothing, and has
never been accustomed to any work but in the
crop or field. I have understood he has cross-
ed the Potomac about Britain's Bay, over in-
to Maryland. I expect he has procured a pass
and will endeavor to appear as a freeman.

All masters of vessels and others are fore-
warned from harboring or carrying him away
under the penalty of the law.

I will give Twenty Dollars reward if taken
in Maryland, or Fifteen if taken in the North-
ern Neck, so that I get him again,

George Christopher.

Westmoreland County, Vir.

14th September

PRINTING, in its various branches,

handsomely executed at this Office.

Wanted Immediately,

TWENTY stout, able bodied labourers, to
be hired by the month, to work on the road
between Alexandria and Washington.

Apply to

Andrew Scholfeld.

September 27.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the Subscriber,

A quantity of very large LISBON
LEMONS, very low, either whole-
sale or retail.

MATTHEW EAKIN.

September 22.

District of Columbia County of Alex-
andria, ss.

July Term, 1806.

Thomas Tunno, Robinson and
Harshorne, and William
Taylor, complainants.

vs.

Robert T. Hoce, James H.
Hoce, and John Manchester,
trading under the firm of
R. T. Hoce, & Co. and John
and Bennett Forbes, Alex-
ander Henderson, jun. and
John Miller, defendants.

THE defendants Alexander Henderson,
jun. and John and Bennett Forbes, not
having entered their appearance and given se-
curity according to the act of assembly and the
rules of this court, and it appearing to the satis-
faction of the court, upon affidavit, that the
said defendants Alexander Henderson, junior,
and John and Bennett Forbes, are not inhabi-
tants of this district, motion of the said com-
plainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that
the said defendants do appear here on the first
day of November term next and answer the
bill of the complainants; and that a copy of this
order be forthwith inserted in both of the pub-
lic newspapers published in Alexandria for two
months successively, and that another copy be
posted at the front door of the court house of
said county.

A copy—Teste.

G. Deneale, cc.

September 26.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, COUNTY OF ALEX-
ANDRIA, ss.

July Term, 1806.

WILLIAM COLSTON, Complainant,

vs.

AUGUSTINE GEORGE, MARTIN
GEORGE and JESSE HAMMOND,
Defendants.

THE defendants Augustine George, and
Martin George, not having entered their
appearance and given security according to the
act of assembly and the rules of this court, and
it appearing to the satisfaction of the court,
upon affidavit, that the said defendants Augus-
tine George, and Martin George, are not in-
habitants of this district—on motion of the
complainant by its counsel, it is ordered, That
the said defendants, Augustine George, and
Martin George, do appear here on the
first day of November term next, and enter
their appearance to the suit and give security
for performing the decrees of the court; and
that the other defendant Jesse Hammond, do
not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts
by him owing to or the estate and effects in
his hands, belonging to the said absent defend-
ants Augustine George, and Martin George,
until the further order or decree of the court—
and that a copy of this order be forthwith in-
serted in both of the public newspapers pub-
lished in this county for two months succes-
sively, and that another copy be posted at the
front door of the court-house of said county.

A copy—Teste.

G. Deneale, c. c.

September 4.

TEN DOLLARS

WILL be given as a reward for appre-
hending a dark mulatto boy, called
Griffin Auburn—he is about 14 years of age,
small features, slender made, very long eye-
lashes and high forehead—he is active and
brisk, and at times has some small imped-
iment in his speech. His clothes were made
of good ticklenburg, and were new when he
left home about nine weeks ago. I hired him
from Mr. M. Flannery, and have had him
nearly three years in the sugar house. He
has been harbored by some negroes near the
plantations of Mr. James Irvin and Messrs.
Korn and Wisemiller. Any reasonable ex-
pences will be added to the reward on bringing
him to my sugar-house.

William S. Moore.

September 30.

For Sale, Freight, or Charter,

The fast sailing

Schooner Harmony;

[Burthen about 650 barrels]

In complete order to take in a cargo. For
particulars apply to JOHN TUCKER.

Oct. 6.

d3t.

FOR BOSTON,

OR OTHER EASTERN PORT,

The Schooner

SUCCESS,

Burthen 650 barrels; in per-
fect order for a cargo, which will
be received at moderate freight.
Please apply to the Captain on board or to the
subscriber.

JOHN C. LADD.

October 4.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the
17th August, a negro man, named HAP-
RY, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, well
made, remarkable for his large arms, and a
little bow-legged. Carried with him a blue
plaid coat, dark cloth duto, and two or three
pennsylvania shirts, and some other clothes, tho'
do not recollect the particular description. The
said negro was thirty-six years old last
May, and has a small scar over one of his
eyes though not discoverable without examin-
ation, and has the scar of a burn on one of
his arms above the elbow, a sulky look and
coarse voice; three large wrinkles in his fore-
head when he talks to any person, and his
teeth is somewhat black. Any person appre-
hending the above negro, and securing him in
jail, so that I get him again, shall receive the
above reward by

John Goodridge.

Orange County, Virginia.

September 21.

GERMAN GOODS.

104 packages now landing from the
ship Hero, capt. Cole, from Bremen, which
will be sold on moderate terms, by

Robert Young.

October 3.

d3t. lawet

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, COUNTY OF ALEX-
ANDRIA, ss.

July Term, 1806.

William G. Garland, Compli-
ant,

vs.

Thomas White, Josiah Fax-
on, Dwight Metcalf, & Jo-
seph Baxter, jun. trading
under the firm of Faxons,
Metcalf and Co. Ifls.

THE defendant Thomas White, not having
entered his appearance and given se-
curity according to the act of assembly and the
rules of this court, and it appearing to the sa-
tisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the
said defendant Thomas White, is not an inha-
bitant of this district—on motion of the com-
plainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the
said defendant Thomas White, do appear here
on the first day of November term next and
enter his appearance to the suit and give se-
curity for performing the decrees of the court,
and that the other defendants Faxons, Metcalf
and Company, do not pay away, convey or se-
crete, the debts by them owing to or the estate
or effects in their hands belonging to the said
absent defendant Thomas White, until the
further order or decree of the court; and that
a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in
both of the public newspapers published in
this county for two months successively, and
that another copy be posted at the front door
of the court house of said county.

A copy—Teste.

G. Deneale, c. c.

September 13.

FOR SALE,

SUGAR, in hogsheads and barrels
Coffee, by the bag or thousand weight
Salt, in bulk and in sacks
Turk's-Island Salt.

Prime Molasses in hogsheads—
And a small quantity of Peach Brandy (ge-
nuine) by retail.

Choice Whiskey, in barrels
New-England Rum, in barrels.

ALSO,

A few half barrels of Superfine flour, (the
produce of this harvest) of superior manufac-
ture, for family use.

A. LINDO.

August 16.

N. B. Four volumes of Tucker's Black-
stone, and one handsome Baggamon Board,
will be sold low if immediately applied for.

Cash, and the highest price given
for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by
the Printer of this paper.

Latest Foreign News.

From London papers to the 16th of Aug. received at the office of the Commercial Advertiser.

LONDON, August 11.

The transports with troops on board sailed from the Downs on Saturday afternoon. They have been most anxiously expected at Portsmouth for some days.

The transports with the troops for the Cape of Good Hope, have been forced by contrary winds to put into Torbay.

Paris papers to the 1st and 2nd inst. contain the following extraordinary paragraph: "The Hibernia is completed for a long voyage, to take the prince regent of Portugal to the Brazil, and establish him there as king."

A letter written by an officer of rank in the Channel fleet, dated on the 4th inst. contains the following extraordinary paragraph: "The Hibernia is completed for a long voyage, to take the prince regent of Portugal to the Brazil, and establish him there as king."

Our consul for Egypt arrived last night at the foreign office. He thence proceeded to Mr. Fox's, and, not finding access there, he is said to have gone to the house of Mr. Fox's private secretary, to communicate to him the cause of his journey.

August 12.

"The deputies of the new states will assemble at Frankfurt on the Main on the 1st of September. Napoleon will be present in person."

"Since the conclusion of peace between Russia and France, all fears of a new rupture between the latter power and Austria have entirely vanished. The consequences of it will likewise appear in the altered motions of the troops as soon as the peace with Russia shall have been ratified, when it is expected that Austria will give her consent to the new Rhenish federation."

"The Prussians are said to be marching to the Elbe. A Prussian army of 40,000 men is assembling near Munster. On the 2d inst. the Prussian garrison marched out of Osnaburg, and troops have broken up from other parts of Westphalia."

The French have entered the district of Wurtemberg in great force—with what intention, is not stated. Other detachments of French troops are said also to be in motion to advance on the side of the Innviertel and of Salzburg, to take possession of those two provinces, in case Austria should persist in refusing the payment of 21 millions, by way of indemnification for the long continuance of the French troops in Bavaria.

A Russian army of 100,000 men is said to be encamped along the river Bog.

August 13.

Of all the projects which Bonaparte ever conceived, the act of confederation, or rather the act of treason to the legitimate head of the empire and of submission to France, is the most dangerous that could be contrived. In midst of peace with Prussia & Austria, he aims a blow at both of them, founds and forms a new empire, *Imperium in Imperio*, in the heart of the German empire, creates a new and formidable state to menace and act both against Prussia and Austria whenever he shall order it; a state not distant, not divided from either of them by mountains or rivers, difficult to pass, but placed as it were at their very doors and thresholds, and able to march at once into the heart and centre of their dominions. Well has it been said that Bonaparte's hostilities of peace are equally and perhaps much more dangerous than his hostilities of war. He calls this act of confederation the Rhenish confederacy, as if it included merely those powers and princes whose dominions are on the banks of the Rhine. But this confederacy of the Rhine extends to the Maine and the Danube, includes Swabia, Franconia and Bavaria, keeps a convenient door open for the entrance of every other power, and no doubt will either cajole or force the electors of Hesse and Saxony to join it, if electors they can any longer be called, now that their functions of electors are to cease, Bonaparte having determined that there shall be no emperor of Germany after the present, if even he be permitted to retain that title, of which we entertain great doubt. Napoleon is to assist himself in person at the opening of the Assembly of Deputies from all the states of the confederacy. We shall not be surprised to find him assume the title of emperor of the *Confederated States*. The assembly is to be held at Frankfurt upon the Maine, which, after having lately paid four millions of florins for the preservation of its independence, is to be given to that servile instrument of

the Corsican's ambition, the elector arch-chancellor. In the mean time the French troops are taking positions for the purpose of preventing all opposition to the execution of the new plan. The affair of Cattaro has afforded Bonaparte a pretence for keeping his troops in Germany and for making fresh claims upon the emperor of Germany. This is his system—he will not aim an open blow at present at Austria, but by harassing her with repeated demands and claims, he will produce advantages as great as he could derive from open war. The withholding Cattaro from him, though he has exasperated Austria from all blame, has furnished him with a pretext for demanding a large sum of money for the additional expenses to which the keeping his troops in Germany has put him. The sum demanded is twenty-four millions; a sum which the Austrian treasury is unable to present to discharge. French troops therefore are proceeding to take possession of Salzburg, and the important post of the Innviertel; and thus the means and power of Austria will be still further cramped, and she will be less able to oppose the establishment of the Rhenish confederacy.

A large body of French troops seems also to be marching to the frontiers of Hesse and Saxony, with a view of overawing both those powers. And Prussia! Bonaparte pays as little attention to her inclinations and interests as to the meanest prince in the empire. This act of confederation must be done in contempt and defiance of the cabinet of Berlin, for it is impossible to suppose that the Prussian government can view the establishment of such a confederacy, with any other than sentiments of the deepest disapprobation and alarm. A new state is suddenly intruded into the empire more powerful than herself, the princes whom she could influence or command, will not only be entirely withdrawn from her, but if Hesse & Saxony be, as we have no doubt they will be, forced to join the Rhenish confederacy, those who were formerly the firmest allies and friends of the Prussian power will be converted into spies upon her conduct, and into engines for controlling and oppressing her whenever the supreme head of the Rhenish confederacy shall think fit. Let any one look at the position of Saxony & Hesse, and of that new dukedom which has been given to Murat, and he will immediately see how Prussia will be hemmed in and surrounded almost on every side. Oh, versatility of human affairs! Prussia, who has followed with undeviating constancy one line of policy, the policy of reducing the power of Austria, whose eye has been always directed to the acquisition of one object, who has flattered herself that she could make France her instrument for wresting the imperial crown from the house of Austria, and for placing herself upon the throne of the Cæsars! Prussia has indeed succeeded in reducing the power of Austria, but she has succeeded also in reducing herself to a situation of more than equal humiliation. She could have prevented these fatal effects—she held at one time in her hands the fate of Europe and the world. What fatal infatuation, or what foul treason enfeebled her arms when she could have struck a decisive blow, and effected on the plains of Moravia the deliverance of Europe? Such an opportunity of combining her own glory with the salvation of the world, of carrying her own greatness to the highest pitch, and of entitling herself to the gratitude of mankind, was never afforded to any nation. She neglected it, and negotiated when she should have fought; sent an ambassador when she should have sent an army, and thus assisted with her own hands in forging fetters for the continent. What would have been the conduct of the Great Frederick, under the same circumstances? But these are unavailing and afflicting recollections. Bonaparte has owed his present elevation less to his own vigor and genius, than to the feebleness and imbecility of those by whom he has been opposed.

The descent upon the coast of Calabria is mentioned in a letter from Naples of the 11th ult. Instead of 10,000 British troops having landed, there were only a few troops with 600 galley slaves. They landed on the 4th, but returned soon to their ships, compelled, as the latter says, by gen. Verdier to embark. It is probable that they meant merely to make a diversion, in which they succeeded. The French, it is obvious, had no victory to boast of.

GERMAN CONFEDERATION.

Ratisbon, August 1.

This day M. Bacher, charge d'affaires of France, remitted to the diet the following note:

"The undersigned charge d'affaires of his majesty the emperor of the French and king of Italy, at the general diet of the Germanic empire, has received orders from his majesty to make the following declarations:

"Their majesties the kings of Bavaria and Wirtemberg, the sovereign princes of Ratisbon, of Baden, of Hesse Darmstadt, of Nassau, and the other principal princes of the south and west of Germany, have taken the resolution to form among themselves a confederation, which places them in safety from all the uncertainties of the future, and they have ceased to be states of the empire."

"The situation in which the treaty of Presburg placed directly the courts allied to France, and indirectly the princes whom they surround, and who are their neighbors, being incompatible with the condition of a state of the empire, it became necessary for those courts, and for the princes, to arrange on a new plan the system of their relations, and to cause to disappear an inconsistency which would have been a permanent source of agitation, of inquietude, and of danger."

"On her side, France, so essentially interested in maintaining the peace of the south of Germany, and who could not doubt, that the moment when she should have caused her troops to repossess the Rhine, discord, an inevitable consequence of relations contradictory or uncertain, ill defined and ill understood, would have exposed to a new danger the repose of nations, and again, perhaps, lighted up a war upon the continent: bound, besides, to promote the welfare of her allies, and to enable them to enjoy all the advantages which the treaty of Presburg secured to them, and which she has guaranteed, France could only see in the confederation which they have formed a natural consequence and necessary completion of that treaty."

"For a long time, successive changes, which have gone on augmenting from age to age, had reduced the Germanic constitution to be only a shadow of itself. Time had changed all the relations of grandeur and of strength which originally existed among the members of the confederation, and between each of them, and the whole, of which they made a part. The diet had ceased to have a will that belonged to itself. The sentences of the supreme tribunals could not be put in execution. Every thing attested an enfeeblement so great, that the federation tie no longer presented any guarantee, and among the powerful was only a cause of dissension and discord. The events of the three coalitions carried this enfeeblement to its utmost length. One electorate has been suppressed by the union of Hanover with Prussia; a northern power has incorporated with his other states one of the provinces of the empire; the treaty of Presburg has assigned to the kings of Bavaria and Wirtemberg, and the elector of Baden, the plenitude of sovereignty; a prerogative which the other electors would claim, and be entitled to claim, but which could accord neither with the spirit nor the letter of the constitution of the empire."

"His majesty the emperor and king is therefore obliged to declare, that he acknowledges no longer the existence of the Germanic constitution; at the same time, nevertheless, recognizing the entire and absolute sovereignty of every one of the princes of whose states Germany at this day consists, and preserving with them the same relations as with the other independent powers of Europe."

"His majesty the emperor and king has accepted the title of protector of the confederation of the Rhine. He has done so only from pacific views, and that his mediation, constantly interposed between the weak and the strong, may prevent every kind of dissension and disorder."

"Having thus done enough for the dearest interest of his people and of his neighbors—having provided as much as lay in his power for the future tranquility of Europe, and in particular for the tranquility of Germany, which has been constantly the theatre of war; in putting a period to the contradictions which placed the nations and the princes under the protection of a system really contrary to their political interests and their treaties, his majesty the emperor and king hopes that the nations of Europe will lend a deaf ear to the insinuations of those who wish to cherish eternal war upon the continent; that the French armies which have passed the Rhine, shall have passed it for the last time; and that the people of Germany will see no longer, in the history of the past, any thing but the horrible picture of disorders of every kind, of devastations, & of massacres, which war always brings in its train."

"His majesty has declared that he

would never extend the boundaries of France beyond the Rhine: he has been faithful to his promise. At present his only desire is to be able to employ the means which providence has entrusted to him for the purpose of asserting the liberty of the seas, of restoring to commerce its liberty, and securing the repose and happiness of the world."

Signed

BACHER.

Ratisbon, Aug. 1. 1806."

The kings of Bavaria and of Wirtemberg, the Electors Arch-Chancellor and of Baden, the Landgrave of Hesse, the prince of Hohenzollern, the prince of Solm Kyrbourg, and the prince of Ysenbourg, have this day sent a declaration to the Diet, in which they renounce the Germanic Union, and announce their resolution under the guarantee of the emperor of the French.

PARIS, Aug. 6.

The English ambassador, lord Lauderdale, accompanied by two secretaries, and Basilico, the messenger arrived on the 3d inst. at Calais, and yesterday in this capital.

An Imperial decree dated the third of this month, ordains a levy of fifty thousand conscripts, taken from the 80,000 authorized to be placed in a state of activity by the decree of the second Vendémiaire, year 14. They will be divided among the different corps of the army. The thirty thousand conscripts remaining from the eighty thousand, will form the reserve of the year 1806.

The Official Journal, on the occasion of this measure contains the following note:

"The Senate Consulum of the second Vendémiaire, year 14, placed at the disposal of government the conscription of 1806. The third coalition appeared under such an aspect, that the levy of eighty thousand men, seemed then necessary to support the glory of the throne, and to defend the dearest interests of the country. But before the end of the month of Vendémiaire, the success of Ulm had given such an advantage to our arms, that the emperor considered the calling out the conscription of 1806 as unnecessary and confined himself to calling out the reserve."

"At present the eighty thousand men of the conscription of 1806, the emperor had judged that the calling out of 50,000 is necessary."

"If as every thing leads to hope, the affairs of the continent are about to be settled, these fifty thousand men will serve to replace the soldiers who shall receive their discharge, and return to their families. If, on the contrary, which there is no reason to think, the period of the repose of the continent is not yet arrived, these fifty thousand men by completing the different corps on the war footing, will carry the French army to its highest degree of strength."

"In any event then, this levy is necessary. Even if we had enjoyed profound peace, we should always have called out, if not fifty at least forty thousand men. Since the last review, twenty thousand men have been discharged; and by the result of the views of this year, it is probable that an equal number will again return to their homes."

"Nothing therefore ought to be inferred favorable either for war or peace, from this operation which is almost annual. It is done at the ordinary period; sufficiently late for the harvest being finished, sufficiently soon for the young men to join their corps before the unfavorable season commences, and to perfect themselves in discipline during the winter."

The Moniteur of this day contains the following article:

"General Lauriston has written from Ragusa, under date of the 15th July, that that city enjoyed the most profound tranquillity, and that its territory was quite free from brigands. He adds, that, during the whole period of the blockade and siege of Ragusa, he had only 40 men killed, and 120 wounded. He praises the behavior of his troops and the zeal of the natives."

The Moniteur also communicates the list of promotions of the brave men who distinguished themselves at Ragusa and before Gaeta.

The Holy Crown of Thorns, which was given to St. Louis in 1238, by Baudouin, emperor of Constantinople, and which happily has been preserved amidst the religious profanations which have marked our revolution, will be transferred with all possible solemnity into the Metropolitan church of Paris, on Sunday the 10th inst. Plenary indulgences will be given to the pious who may assist at the ceremony, with the requisite qualities."

The march of French troops is without delay taking the route of the Rhine. A small division is now at day, and a march for Bavaria is a thousand men, several thousand at C. various, from whence continue their march of troops under the intelligence is received the Brigau, that French troops which require a number of hay, the military storage has been

General Rapp is very part of his military of the Rhine. He has the garrison remained there but come to Basle, as they themselves. The reports of a new, tho' we can authority. It is certain, by a courier, with all possible force in the 300 men in line, to join the given along the w majesty the emperor in a short time at S

On the 10th inst. commanded by general, and the composed of forty the convey of on times, and one frigate Italian flag on board is more disembarked in 13 force the troops the division of Sera's two regiments from the army command.

BY THIS CHARL Captain Jones, Havana on Monday, sailing, saw a French loss of her fore and mast, running in frigate in chase. within gun-shot, lower ports, and changing a few metal of the French, and the 74 go she fired an Imped by the Spanish Captain Jones states: upwards of 1 were also fired fort, but it did no ed any damage. The French sh squadron; and to be the Cerberus as she was the on na.

NEW Arrived last the ship Eliza, sailed August McLellan, of Po and John, Alex New Bedford, sick, Boston; son, Tombs; Left ship Bald in 6 days; Wil 6; Mary and B za, Salter, Port ton; Columbia days; Chatham Law, in 5 for quith; Intrep days; Eliza, I tin, Boston, 6 on, Earle, for Portland; bri Bedford, for Baltimore. 19, being Thre Philadelphia, Sally, of New more. Sept. guska, Coome having sprung day, spoke an informed me heavy gale of

STUTGARD, July 29.

The march of French troops thro' this neighborhood is without remission. They generally take the route of Ulm and Detmold. A small division of cavalry passed by this place to-day, and directed its course towards Tubingen. Other troops are in full march for Bavaria. Last night there were a thousand men at Esslingen, and several thousand at Canstadt, and in its vicinity, from whence they will this day continue their march. The advanced guard of troops under general Lefebvre had arrived there on the 26th. Intelligence is received from Fribourg, in the Brisgau, that the great number of French troops which were in those countries requiring a much larger quantity of provisions and hay, the prohibition to purchase military forage has been necessarily renewed.

Basle, July 28.

General Rapp is employed in visiting every part of his military division, which is that of the Rhine. On Monday he inspected the garrison of Huningen. He remained there but a few hours, and did not come to Basle, as our citizens had flattered themselves.

The reports of a continental war are renewed, tho' we cannot trace them to any authority. It is certain, however, that the commandant of Huningen has received orders, by a courier extraordinary, to send off, with all possible dispatch, all the disposable force in that place. In consequence 300 men immediately passed the Rhine, to join their respective corps. It is also said that a similar order has been given along the whole line, and that his majesty the emperor and king is expected in a short time at Strasburg.

Venice, July 12.

On the 10th instant the French troops, commanded by general Seras, were embarked; and the same evening the flotilla, composed of forty small transports, under the command of one corvette, two brigantines, and one frigate, set sail under the French Italian flag. The number of men on board is more than 5000, who will be disembarked in Dalmatia, in order to reinforce the troops there. In the room of the division of Seras there will arrive in Istria two regiments from Frioul, forming part of the army commanded by general Mar-mont.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 22.

Captain Jones, arrived at quarantine, left Havana on Monday last. A few hours after sailing, saw a French 74 gun ship, with the loss of her fore and main-top-masts, and mizen-mast, running in for the Moro, and a British frigate in chase. As soon as the frigate came within gun-shot, the 74 lay to, opened her lower ports, and commenced firing. After exchanging a few shots, the frigate finding the metal of the French ship too heavy, steered off, and the 74 got safe into the Havana, where she fired an Imperial salute, which was returned by the Spanish 74 lying in that port. Captain Jones states that the French ship discharged upwards of 100 shot. A number of shot were also fired at the frigate from a Spanish fort, but it did not appear that she had sustained any damage.

The French ship is no doubt one of Jerome's squadron; and the British frigate we believe to be the Cerberus, of 32 guns, captain Selby, as she was the only British cruiser off Havana.

NEW-YORK, October 3.

Arrived last night, as far as the Narrows, the ship Eliza, Waterman, from Liverpool; sailed August 18, in co. with ships Packet, McLellan, of Portland; for Virginia: William and John, Alexandria: Globe, Howland, of New-Bedford, for Baltimore; Nancy, Merrick, Boston; and Xenophon, Ingle; Hudson, Tombs; and Laura, for New-York. Left, ship Baltic, Delano, for New-Orleans, in 6 days; William, Rockwell, for Savannah 6; Mary and Ellen, Dodge, Alexandria; Elizabeth, Salter, Portland, 10; Lewis, Pratt, Boston; Columbia, Gardner, New-York, in two days; Chatham, Wasson, ditto. Hardware, Law, in 5 for do. Erin, Hawes; Intrepid, Smith; Intrepid, Sneed, for New-York in 15 days; Eliza, Blunt, Portland, 14; Clio, Austin, Boston, 6; Merchant, Johnson; Halcyon, Earle, for New-York, 15; Nancy, from Portland; brig George, Gardner, of New-Bedford, for Hamburg; and ship Orozinbo, for Baltimore. Spoke, Aug. 30, lat. 47, long. 19, being Three Brothers, from Antwerp, for Philadelphia. Sept. 15, lat. 41, long. 33, ship Sally, of New-York, from London, for Baltimore. Sept. 18, lat. 41, long. 54, ship Augusta, Coomes, from Dublin, for New-York, having sprung her mainmast; and on same day, spoke an English West-India fleet, who informed me that they had experienced a very heavy gale of wind; during the gale several

of their convoy went down and foundered, and several others wrecked—the convoy ship had on board three or four masters that she took off the wrecks—they also informed, that a squadron of French ships of war had dispersed and destroyed a Jamaica fleet. Sept. 22, off Nantucket shoals, spoke the schooner Harmony, Smith, who informed me, that in lat. 30, 30, long. 72, he fell in with the Pelican, of Baltimore, bottom up, she appeared to have been wrecked only two or three days.

BALTIMORE, October 2.

Arrived, ship Persia, McNeill, 180 days from Batavia. Left there, ship Sidney, Norman, Baltimore; brig Eutaw, Grant, ditto; Robert, Dunkin, do. Mrs. Gardner, do. Ship Calumet, Trippet, Boston; ship Juno, do. Eliza, do. Fanny, Smith, Philadelphia; American, Gaylor, do. for Japan. May 22d, in the Straits of Sunda, spoke ship Minerva, Smith, 120 days from Baltimore for Batavia. Same day, ship Minerva, of Providence, from Isle of France. May 24, parted co. with the Andrew, Watkins, for Philadelphia. July 7, in lat. 36, 28, S. long. 22, 31, E. spoke ship Bainbridge, Janck, 73 days from Philadelphia, bound to Calcutta and Madras. September 8, lat. 25, N. long. 60, W. spoke schooner Argus, Hamiften, from New-York for Curacao, out 28 days. July 27, saw seven sail of ships of the line, one league from Cape Henry, standing in.

Also, ship North-America, Tucker, 69 days from Bremen, and 60 from Dover. Sailed from Bremen 2 days before the Hero, arrived at Alexandria. Left no American vessels at Dover. Sept. 28, lat. 35, 23, long. 70, 30, spoke ship John and Francis, Silliman, from Charleston, for Bourdeaux, out 10 days.

NORFOLK, Oct. 2.

Arrived brig Rebecca, Bolan, 60 days from Marenes. The brig Fair American, Bruce, of this port, was at Antwerp the 21st of July, to sail in a few days for Marenes to load with salt.

Brig Lioness, Dove, four days from Charleston.

Schr. Hunter, Steele, thirty days from Jamaica.

Sloop Farmer's Daughter, Connor, 21 days from Jamaica.

The schooner Harriet, Cook, from Alexandria to Boston, which was lying in Hampton Roads, was run foul of by a sloop during the gale yesterday, split her anchors and got here in the evening.

The sloop Herald, Lee, bound to Saint Marys put back on Sunday, having sprung her mast.

Captain Myres, from Dover, whose arrival was given in our last, favored us with the following.

Spoke August 15, in lat. 44, 10, North, long. 12, 53, ship Jane of Baltimore, Mac. Carthy, from Amsterdam for Baltimore, out seventeen days.

September 6, latitude 39, 35, N. long. 49, W. ship Mary, Durkin of Salem, from New York for Lisbon out nineteen days. 18th, in latitude 37, longitude 64, 30, W. ship Union, Porter from City Point, for Bremen, who put on board of me five men which he took from the wreck of the schr. Messenger, White, of Baltimore, which upset in the gale of the 2d instant; there were five men and a boy drowned. Captain W. went on board a Norfolk brig bound to Madeira (we suppose capt. Small). The five men put on board of me are very badly hurt by the sea constantly washing over them, having been four days on the wreck. 18th, spoke the ship Abula, Dil. lingham, from Barcelona for New York.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7.

The Secretary of the Treasury arrived at the seat of government on Friday last. And on Saturday, in good health, the president of the United States returned to Washington.

Miranda.—In a Jamaica paper of the 6th of September received this morning by the brig Sally, we perceive that the British sloop of war Stork, of 18 guns, the Flying Fish schooner of 12 guns, and the Pike schooner of five guns, had sailed for Coro to the assistance of Miranda.

(New York paper.)

SHIP NEWS.



Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED.

Schooner Sally, captain Cleveland, from Boston—sundries—the captain.

On Thursday last spoke brig Polly, bound to New York; in lat. 37 30, had fallen in

with the wreck of a schooner from New York bound to Currituck; the crew all lost except the captain and one man, which they took off. Same day fell in with eight English men of war off the Capes. Spoke a ship from New Castle (England) bound to Baltimore.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY,

Brig Active, captain Black, in 20 days from Point Petre, Guadeloupe.

A LIST of vessels left at Point Petre the 14th September:

Ships Libra, Francis, from Newbury. port for do. to sail in 20 days.

Volunteer, Calwell, from Philadelphia for do. uncertain.

Messenger, Butler, from Barbadoes for New York, in 10 days.

Polly, Ledet, from New York for do. uncertain.

Brigs Washington, Woster, from New York for do. uncertain.

Leary, Cornell, from Philadelphia for do. uncertain.

Stairst, Geer, from New York for do. in 15 days.

Flying Fish, Foster, from Boston for do. in 20 days.

Schooners Alliance, Rocks, from New York for do. in 3 days.

Five Brothers, McKeever, from Philadelphia for do. in 18 days.

Nymph, Gover, from Baltimore for do. in 10 days.

Racer, Botton, from Baltimore for do. in 20 days.

Triumph, Tallen, from Philadelphia for do. in 3 days.

Sally Ann, Chamings, from New York for do. in 10 days.

Enterprise, Gahagen, from Baltimore for do. uncertain.

Trent, —, from Newbern for do. uncertain.

Federal, Starkpoll, from Portland for do. in 5 days.

And several more Americans, names unknown.

Betsy, Davis, from Baltimore for do. in 20 days.

Extracts from a Journal kept on board the brig Active.

August 21st, arrived in Point a Petre, Guadeloupe.

28th, a privateer brig of 20 guns and one hundred and fifty men, sailed for Lagaira with 150 troops, under the command of the captain of the port, en purpose to co-operate with the Spaniards against Miranda.

September 10th, had a heavy gale of wind, something of a hurricane, but no damage done in Point Petre among the shipping, but considerable done in the country by blowing down trees, &c.

14th, sailed from Point Petre, and on the 19th, in lat. 21 50, and long. 64 30, fell in with the above mentioned privateer, on a continuation of her cruise (after having landed her troops at Lagaira) who informed us that Miranda had met with a severe repulse from the Spaniards, at Lagaira, and compelled to retreat to his shipping for shelter; they also added that no hopes are entertained of his (Miranda) ever succeeding in his operations unless he had a force of from forty to fifty thousand men, the whole of the country being united against him. This privateer had taken three prizes (English) one of them a government schr. of 14 guns, after a smart action, and killing seventeen of the schooner's men; the other two were merchantmen, one of them a brig, laden with rum, and in sight when we were brought too by the privateer.

The privateer in the above action with the schooner had her boat shot to pieces, which made her insist on our boarding her in our own boat, but treated very friendly and not detained. On leaving us she stood to the north-west under a press of canvas, we hazarded an opinion to cruise somewhere off Charleston.

23d, in lat. 27 25, long. 69, fell in with the lower yard of a (seemingly) 74 or 80 guns ship, with part of its rigging on it, such as slings, trusts, &c. also the head rope of the sail, with some small fragments of the sail attached to it; it was painted yellow, French make, and about thirty iron hoops on it.

29th, in lat. 35 and 36, had a tremendous gale of wind that commenced at 2 E. by E. and ended at S. In the evening of the same fell in with the fleet under the command of sir J. B. Warro; and on the 30th, after the gale abated, was boarded by the Romulus and treated politely.

October 1st, Cape Henry bearing sw. 3 miles distant was boarded by the Cambrian frigate and treated but shabbily.

Markets in Point Petre getting dull—the only things in demand, say beef, pork, cod fish, butter and lard.

Flour down to 9 a 10 dollars, payable in sugars at 6 dollars; bread not worth the landing; tobacco, the market glutted; lumber low, market glutted, except for shingles.

Sugars, brown, 6 a 6 1/2 dolls. in barter.

Do. clayed, 8 1/2 a 9 do.

Coffee, 45 sous, and rising, cash price.

Molasses, 16 1/2 cents per gallon do.

On the 1st ultimo, society was deprived of one of its brightest ornaments and her friends of an invaluable blessing, by the sudden death of Mrs. ANNA RANDOLPH CRAIK, the truly amiable consort of the honorable William Craik, late one of the members for the state of Maryland in the house of representatives of the United States. She was the daughter of William Fitzhugh, Esq. of Alexandria. This lady had accompanied her husband to Bath for the benefit of his health. Soon after their arrival there, she was attacked by symptoms of nervous fever, which induced them to endeavor to return, but by the time they had reached Martinsburg, the disease had progressed in so rapid and alarming a manner, that they could proceed no further; and there, in the course of a few days, in defiance of every possible exertion of medical skill, the irresistible mandate of death summoned her to give an account of her stewardship. She left this world in the 24th year of her age. — "What pathos in the date!"

Inshrined in as delicate and beautiful a form as ever graced the female character, she possessed a mind enriched by general information, and polished by every polite accomplishment, together with a disposition mild, animated and affectionate, and a heart glowing with the purest and most active impulses of benevolence.

This singular assemblage of virtues and of excellencies was dignified and refined by a confirmed attachment to the Christian religion, and the most exemplary observance of all the rites and ceremonies of the Protestant Episcopal Church, of which she was a member.

Her deportment in domestic life was such as excited the admiration and affection of all who enjoyed the privilege of her acquaintance. Thus,

"Early, bright, transient, chaste—like morning dew
"She sparkled, was admired, and went to heaven."

For Freight, for New-York,

THE
Schooner COMET,
Thomas Underhill, Master,
Burthen 95 tons. For terms apply on board at Harper's wharf.
October 7.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON MONDAY next, at eleven o'clock, will positively be sold, at Messrs. Dunlap and Irvin's warehouse, Union-street—on a credit of 60 days, for approved indorsed negotiable notes,

5 Pipes very old (first quality)
Cognac Brandy.

P. G. Marsteller.

October 7.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, at ten o'clock, will be sold, at the late dwelling house of Thomas Crandell, deceased, on Union-street, all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Slaves, &c.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

Sarah Crandell, Adm'r.

October 7.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE stockholders in the Alexandria theatre having purchased in the same, to prevent its being re-entered on, for the payment of ground rent, and having agreed to advance the sum of 18 dollars on each share, for the purpose of discharging the incumbrance, give this notice, that the following shares will become forfeited, unless the sum of 18 dollars be paid on the same, on or before the 15th October next, to wit, Margaret West 2 shares, Adam Doughlass one share, Stephen Cooke one share, Bernard Ghequier one share, and Clotworthy Stephenson one share, and the subscriber is authorized to rent the said theatre to any person applying, either by the night, month or year.

GUY ATKINSON.

Agent for the stockholders.

September 2

2w2t150

A few copies of the American Gardner, for sale by Robert Gray, at his Book-Store.

Hardware.

PATON & BUTCHER'S,
Have received by the ship *LEONIDAS* Captain
M. KINZIE, from LIVERPOOL, a complete
assortment of

IRONMONGERY:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

Crowley steel, No. 3, Millington,
Ditto, of very superior quality
Tin Plate, in boxes
Shovels and Spades
Also, a few cases of Razors, 6 blades to one
handle
Patent ditto
Penknives, and black tip and ivory handle
Knives and Forks, of very superior quality.
ALSO,
For sale, at the yard of *EZRA KINZIE* and
Co.

Two thousand Spanish Hides.
September 22. cod2woaw2m

Fall Goods.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,

HAS RECEIVED

Per the ship *LEONIDAS*, and *BOSTON*, from
Liverpool—and the *WOLF*, from London.

The greater part of his FALL
ASSORTMENT:

And daily expects the residue by the ship
William and John.

September 22. dlwcoff

JUST RECEIVED,

By the brig *Friendship*, Captain *Baxter*, from
Boston and Passamaquoddy,

85 tons Plaster Paris
5 pipes Holland Gin, and
220 reams Wrapping Paper.
Also, an assortment of

Ladies and Misses Morocco Slippers,
Which will be opened immediately at the
store of

Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

Corner of Prince and Water streets.

Who have on hand,

4 pipes 4th proof Brandy
20 hhds. retailing Molasses
50 bls. No. 1 and 2 Boston Beef
20 boxes Mould Candles
30 do. Dipt do.
15 quintals Cod Fish,
And a quantity of Hingham Boxes.
Also—a general assortment of Shoes.
All of which will be disposed of on mode-
rate terms. Apply as above.

September 23. cod2w

22 hhds. large size, and
22 bls. 1st quality Muscovado Sugars,
30 hhds. 2d do. do.
3,000 lbs. best Spanish Maine Coffee,
8 tons Nicaragua Wood,
8 do. Fustic,
For Sale by

R. VEITCH & Co.

Sept. 27. colm

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims on, or
due to the late firm of *Macleod & Lum-
don*, painters, &c. of this place, are requested
to make immediate settlement with the sur-
viving partner.

Daniel Macleod.

September 25. colf

EDUCATION.

THE inhabitants of Alexandria are respect-
fully informed that there is a vacancy in
the Academy for a few scholars. A class will
soon commence the Latin Grammar, and an-
other is beginning to read. Those persons
who are desirous their sons should join either
of these classes, are requested to apply im-
mediately, as a preference will be given to such
scholars.

September 27. co

TO RENT,

A TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING
HOUSE, situate on Cameron-street,
near the corner, together with a Frame Build-
ing on the corner of Cameron and Pitt-streets,
now occupied as a coach-makers' shop, but
would make a good stable, and a vacant lot.
For terms apply to

James H. Hooc, Adm'r of

B. DANDRIDGE, deceased.

September 18. co

BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store.

A. LINDO,

Takes the liberty of informing the public, that
HE HAS OPENED A

Broker's Office and Commission Store,
At the corner of Union and King streets.

WHERE he will be happy to render
his services in those branches of business. Every
species of public stock, merchandise, lands, houses,
lots, and vessels will be BOUGHT and SOLD on com-
mission. Reasonable advances will be made on con-
signments; and acceptances will be given when such con-
figurations are accompanied with orders to sell to meet the
payments. All kinds of produce and merchandise re-
quired on storage at the customary terms.

April 28.

N. B. FLOUR bought and sold
half per cent commission.

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscribers, in pursuance to an order of
Charles county court to them directed, will
expose to Public Sale, for cash, on the se-
cond TUESDAY in October next, at the
court-house door,

TWO tracts or parcels of LAND, lying
and being in Charles county aforesaid;
called *Penner and Penner's Enlargement*—of
which Doctor Brown, late of Saint Mary's
county, died seised. They are situated within
three or four miles of Port-Tobacco and are
well timbered.

As it is presumed that those who intend to
purchase will view the premises, a further de-
scription is thought unnecessary.

John E. Ford,

William H. M'Pherson,

George Jenkins,

William M'Pherson,

William Hamilton.

September 8. 2awts

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber of Baltimore, in the
state of Maryland, hath obtained from
the Orphan's Court of Alexandria County, in
the District of Columbia, Letters Testamen-
tary on the estate of JOHN FOSTER, late of
the county aforesaid, deceased. All persons
having claims against the said deceased are
hereby warned to exhibit them, with the vouch-
ers thereof, on or before the 26th of March
next, or they may by law be excluded from
all benefit to said estate—and all persons in-
debted thereto are requested to make immedi-
ate payment to the subscriber, or to James San-
derson, of Alexandria, who is duly empowered
to act for me.

Given under my hand this 26th day of
September, 1805.

Henry Thompson,

Sept. 27. 2awts

PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership of R. W. Ashton, of King
George county and the state of Virginia, and
Gurden Chapin, of the town of Alexandria and
district of Columbia, under the firm of ASH-
TON and CHAPIN, will expire on the 1st of
October, 1806, by mutual agreement.

The agency of their affairs will remain in
the hands of R. W. Ashton as usual, till finally
closed; with whom all those who have claims
on them, as well as those indebted to them,
will please make their settlements.

R. W. Ashton,

Gurden Chapin.

September 16. 2awts

NIGHT SCHOOL.

The subscriber returns his grateful
thanks to his friends and patrons, for their past
favors and liberality towards him; and begs
leave respectfully to inform them, and the in-
habitants of Alexandria generally, that he will
commence his NIGHT SCHOOL on Monday
the 22d instant, at his Academy in Prince-
street.

Young gentlemen, desirous of becoming ac-
quainted with the arts of Surveying, Naviga-
tion, use of the Globes, or any of the different
branches of the Mathematics, will meet with
due attention from

William Slade.

September 20. d5taw

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Fairfax county,
in the state of Virginia, hath obtained from the
Orphan's Court of Alexandria county, in the
district of Columbia, letters of administration
(during the minority of Ira Gunnell) on the
personal estate of PRESLEY GUNNELL, late of
the county last aforesaid deceased, all persons
having claims against the said deceased, are
hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouch-
ers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the
11th day of December next, or they may by
law be excluded from all benefit to said estate.
Given under my hand, this 11th day of Sep-
tember, 1806.

JOHN HUNTER, Administrator
during the minority of Ira Gun-
nell, executor of Presley Gunnell,
deceased.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above es-
tate, are requested to make immediate pay-
ment to the administrator.

September 11. 2aw6w

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria coun-
ty, in the district of Columbia, have obtained
from the Orphan's Court of said county, let-
ters of administration on the personal estate of
John Lumsdon, late of the county aforesaid,
deceased, all persons having claims against the
said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit
them with the vouchers thereof to the subscri-
bers, on or before the 11th day of December
next, or they may by law be excluded from all
benefit to said estate. Given under our hands,
this 11th day of September, 1806.

Margery Lumdon, Adm'r.

Charles Slade, Adm'r.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above
estate, are requested to make immediate pay-
ment to the administrators.

September 11. 2aw6w

Valuable Family Medicines.

Just received direct from the Patentees, and
FOR SALE BY

JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.

DRUGGIST.

The following Valuable Medicines:

**Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and
Stomach Bitters.**

PREPARED BY

THOMAS H. RAWSON,
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the
most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine e-
ver before discovered, and are justly appreciated
for their singular and uncommon virtues for re-
moving weak and decayed constitutions, and all
that train of complicated complaints so common in
the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittent
fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dy-
senteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bi-
ter for common use, and where they are known
they have taken the place and superseded the use
of all other bitters in public houses as well as in
private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham) Billious Pills.

THE great sale and increasing demand for these
valuable pills for these twelve years past, be-
speak their intrinsic worth. They have proved
singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fe-
vers, Jaundice, Head aches, Dysenteries, Billious
Cholic, Colic, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in
which these pills are held throughout the United
States and the West Indies, has induced many to
counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to
observe that the name of Samuel Lee, Jun. (the
patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in
his own hand writing, or they will not be genu-
ine. Price 50 cents a box.

**Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious Pills,
or, Family Physic.**

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have
gained, the universal demand for them and esteem
of which they are held by medical men of the first
eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their in-
trinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks
of disorders, an early use of these pills often pro-
duces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight
or ten days in cases of indigestion, headache, diz-
ziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysen-
teries, diarrhoeas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal
use of my anti-bilious bitters in the intermediate
time has relieved patients almost to a miracle—
price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth-Paste,

For the security in the teeth and gums, and for
whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewi-
se takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath,
which generally arises from scorbutic humors and
bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and high-
ly esteemed by all those who value the preserva-
tion of their teeth, it may be applied at all times
with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in
pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50
cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its
operation stands unrivalled. The most authen-
ticated proofs and respectable authorities of its
astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in ex-
treme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen
at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir;

Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood
and all diseases of the lungs. Its merits stand
unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills,

Price 50 cents a box.

**Hinkley's Infallible remedy for
the Piles.**

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each
of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Me-
dicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few hand-
some Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials,
Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira
and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogheads;
paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flax-
seed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms
for cash, or to punctual customers on a short
credit.

A generous allowance will be made to
those who purchase the above Medicines by the
dozen.

March 7.

2aw

A few copies of the *American
Gardner*, for sale by Robert Gray, at
his Book-Store.

Bank of Potomac.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 3, 1804.
NOTICE is hereby given the Stockholders
in the Bank of Potomac, that an
election will be held for twelve Directors for the
ensuing year, at the court-house, in the town
of Alexandria, on Monday, the 10th day
November next.

By order of the President and Directors,

Charles Page, Cashier.

October 3. 2aw6w

HUGH SMITH,

Has imported by the Ship *LEONIDAS*, from L.

VERPOOL,

320 Crates of Queens Ware.

He has lately received

120 Packages of CHINA

And can supply his friends with a complete
assortment of articles in his line on the usual
terms.

October 2. 2aw6w

FOR SALE,

Pork in barrels

New York prime and cargo beef

Hyson skin and } TEAS

Souchong

Russia Duck, and

A few kegs Essence of Spruce, by

Daniel Murgatroyd.

May 6. co

JUST RECEIVED,

And for SALE by the Subscriber,
Fifty boxes of the first quality Ha-
vana SEGARS—and one keg first quality
CHEWING TOBACCO.

Jesse Talbott.

September 19. co

JOHN WATTS,

ALEXANDRIA,

Has just received, per the *William Murdoch*,
via Baltimore, from London, a complete as-
sortment of

SPRING GOODS,

Which he will sell low for cash, or to punctual
customers, viz.

Gentlemen's Silk and Cotton Hose

Do. silk and leather Gloves

Do. silk and leather Gloves

Silk and cotton Chamber Muslins

3-8, 7-8 and 9-8 undressed gingham

Figured and plain Jaconet Cambricks

Plain and figured Jaconet Muslin

India Book Muslin

White and colored Cambrics

Plain and figured Leno Muslin

Leno Shawls and Veils

Italian Crapes and Lutestring

London Chintzes and Calicoes

White and colored Jeans

Cambric Dimities

First chop long Nankeens

Marseilles Jean and Muslinet Waistcoating

Brown and scarlet Pandanoes

Royal Madras Handkerchiefs

3-4, 4-4 and 8-4 damask Shawls

Diaper Table Cloths

Russia Sheetings

White and brown Sheetings

Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres

2 pieces Salisbury Cloth

3 bales India goods

7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linens

White and brown Platillas

Umbrellas and Parasols

German Ticklenburgs

White and brown rolls

Ped Ticking

Apron and shirting Checks

Waldron's grass and cradling Scythes

Weeding Hoes assorted in casks

Gentlemen's best London Hats, &c.

May 6. co

City Property.

I will sell or exchange for Wet or Dry Goods,
A HANDSOME two story Frame House,
two rooms on a floor to the front, stand-
ing on a corner lot and well finished through-
out, with a kitchen, coach-house, stable, gar-
den, and other conveniences—together with a
two story Brick House adjoining the same.—
The situation of this property is equal to any
in the City of Washington, lying in a direct
line and very near to the intended new bridge,
which is to cross the Potomac. The title will
be found good and indisputable. Further par-
ticulars may be known by applying to the sub-
scriber.

N. B. Those persons in the City and those
in the country who are indebted to the sub-
scriber's store in Washington up to July,
1804; likewise those persons in town and
country who are indebted to his store in Alex-
andria, by notes and book accounts, are most
earnestly requested to take up their notes and
close their book accounts, on or before the 1st
Monday in October next, or suits will be bro't
against them without respect to persons.—
There are a few who, should they not pay up
by that time, will be exposed at full length in
the public papers.

Produce will be taken for country debts
provided it is delivered by the time above
mentioned.

John A. Burford.

July 26. co

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